

The Brattleboro Daily Reformer

VOL. 4, NO. 95.

BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 20, 1916.

TWO CENTS.

FUNSTON WANTS MILITIA FOR BORDER DUTY AT ONCE

Requested War Department This Morning to Send "As Soon as Possible" Large Part of State Troops to Be Stationed Along Boundary Which is 1800 Miles Long

MILITIA TO BE UTILIZED FROM BROWNSVILLE TO THE PACIFIC

Gathering of Large Forces of Mexicans Believed to Presage Danger—Special Train to Take Americans from Mexico City to Vera Cruz—Many Anti-Foreign Demonstrations Reported

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 20.—General Funston today requested the war department to send him as soon as possible a large part of the national guardmen to be stationed along the Mexico boundary "from Brownsville to the Pacific ocean."

WASHINGTON, July 20.—With President Wilson's firm refusal to withdraw the American troops from Mexico on its way to the de facto government, embodied in a note sternly arraigning the whole course of General Carranza which has brought the two countries to the verge of war, the administration is ready to meet any emergency which may arise.

War or peace rests with Gen. Carranza. The position of the United States is pointedly set forth in its review of the apparent inability of General Carranza to prevent border raids and to keep the obligation he owes the world in maintaining order in his own domain. In addition to refusing to withdraw the troops and warning that execution of the threats to attack them will be followed by the gravest consequences the note serves notice that as long as the Carranza forces continue their present attitude no arms or ammunition or material for their manufacture will be permitted to reach Mexico from the United States.

Secretary Baker, busy at the war department all the morning with details for the mobilization of the national guard for border defense duty, went to the White House a few minutes before the other members for today's cabinet meeting for a few minutes private conference.

Gen. Funston's request for the national guard reached the war department soon after noon and resulted in telegraphic requests for information as to when the forces of certain states would be able to move. Orders for the entraining of units ready for service were expected before night.

Gen. Funston did not make public the exact number requested but said that he had asked for enough to provide adequate protection of the border. He also withheld the names of the stations to which they would be sent although admitting that a considerable force would be mobilized at San Antonio as a reserve.

He explained that he acted only on the presumption that he was securing an army for defense and that the stations he selected had been chosen with that idea in mind. Those asked for today include units from all branches of the service. He assumed that the first to be sent probably would be those from New York, Illinois and Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Special

In Odd Fellows' Temple

On Wednesday afternoon, June 21, at 2:30 in the banquet hall there will be held a social for the ladies. The military club outfit will be available for the use of those desiring to play.

6 Barbers 6

Now in the great white shop—the one shop of perfect sanitation.

BROOKS HOUSE SANITARY BARBER SHOP

A Real Shine Artist Here

MEXICAN NOTE IS EMPHATIC

Regrets Demand That U. S. Troops Be Withdrawn—Rebukes Carranza

COUNTRY'S RIGHTS TO BE MAINTAINED

And if Mexico Carries Out Its Threat to Defend Territory "Gravest Consequences" Will Follow—Peril to Border—Residents to be Removed.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The American note daily rejecting Gen. Carranza's demand for the withdrawal of the United States troops from Mexico and rebuking the Carranza government for the discourteous tone and temper of the last communication was handed today to the Mexican ambassador designate.

The long continued outrages against Americans and their property both in Mexico and on American soil are reviewed in the note and warning is given that the troops will be kept in Mexico until such a time as the de facto government performs the duty which the United States has not sought—pursuing the bandits who ought to be arrested and punished by the Mexican government.

It concludes with the statement that if the de facto government continues to ignore this application and carries out its threats to defend its territory by an appeal to arms against the American troops the gravest consequences will follow.

"While this government would deeply regret such a result," says the note, "it cannot recede from its settled determination to maintain its national rights and perform its full duty in preventing further invasion of the territory of the United States and removing the peril which Americans along the international boundary have borne so long with patience and forbearance."

"I am reluctant to be forced to the conclusion which might be drawn from the circumstances," Secretary Lansing declares, "that the de facto government in spite of the crimes committed and the sinister designs of Villa and his followers did not or does not intend or desire that these outlaws should be captured or destroyed by American troops, or at the request of this government."

The purposes of the United States government towards Mexico, questioned in the last Mexican note, are answered in the following language:

"If a denial is needed that this government has had improper motives in its diplomatic representation or has countenanced the activities of American sympathizers and the American press opposed to the de facto government I am glad most emphatically to deny it. It is, however, a matter of common knowledge that the Mexican press has been more active than the press in the United States in endeavoring to inflame the people and to force the two countries into hostilities."

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

William Mansfield Killed His Wife and Shot Himself.

BOSTON, June 20.—William Mansfield and his wife, Mary, were found dead in their home in the Dorchester district today by neighbors who heard shots. Her body was in the kitchen and that of her husband in a bedroom. Police investigation showed that Mansfield had shot his wife and then killed himself.

HUGHES GUEST OF HONOR.

Presidential Candidate Renews Acquaintances With Class of '81.

TIVERTON, R. I., June 20.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican Presidential nominee, was the guest of honor today of the class of '81 of Brown university at the home of Benjamin Barker on Narragansett bay. The day was devoted entirely to renewing acquaintances. Politics were not discussed.

Mr. Hughes will motor to Providence tomorrow to attend the commencement exercises at Brown university and will be the dinner guest tomorrow night of Gov. Beekman. He will leave for New York at midnight.

An underwater searchlight has been invented which, used in conjunction with a special water glass, enables objects 2,000 feet distant to be seen.



MAJ. WALTER O. COOLEY

STATE CAMP GROUND IS READY FOR TROOPS

Believed That Vermont Regiment Will be on War Footing Inside of 36 Hours.

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS, V. N. G., NORTHFIELD, June 20.—With recruiting operations in full swing throughout the state and the home stations of the 12 companies of the First Vermont regiment open day and night it is believed that within 36 hours the command will be on a war footing of 150 men to a company. Orders will probably be issued today for the regiment to mobilize at the state camp ground at Fort Ethan Allen.

Last night the regiment, now above the minimum strength of 65 men to a company, is in readiness for immediate orders to proceed to camp. It is likely that the command will be in camp at least two weeks before being ordered to the Mexican border, if the war department orders the men south, as it is now believed will be done.

The regimental staff is doing day and night duty and receiving reports once in two or three hours from each company in the state. In less than 14 hours after the order was issued by Adjutant General Tilton for the mobilization of the regiment the strength of the command had been brought up to 900. At 10 o'clock last night Company D of St. Johnsbury had recruited up to 95 men. The first squadron of cavalry had been recruited to 180 strength and needed at midnight 100 more men. When the regiment is ordered to move to Fort Ethan Allen a recruiting officer will be left at each home station.

Regimental Adjutant Barber announces that there are opportunities for enlistment in the band and asks that attention be called to the chances for men in the cavalry arm.

Staff officers went to the state camp ground yesterday and began putting things in readiness for the arrival of the men. Arrangements for water and lights have been completed and other camp necessities have been provided.

Company K of Springfield last night elected the members of the chamber of commerce of that town associate members and the chamber met and voted to appropriate \$100 toward the expense of sending the company to camp. Twenty-four men were recruited by the company yesterday afternoon and at 11 o'clock last evening the command numbered 70 men.

ALUMNI REUNION AND PARADE PLANS

Requested to Meet in High School Building at 7 O'clock—Parade on Sidewalk if Stormy.

The annual reunion of the Brattleboro High School Alumni association will be held in the high school room tomorrow night, following a parade and an entertainment in the Auditorium. The alumni are asked to meet at the building at 7 o'clock. The parade will begin promptly at 7:45, and if the weather is stormy the parade will be on the sidewalk. The parade committee consists of Maj. F. W. Childs, chief marshal, John C. Pellett, J. Harry Estey, Harry P. Webster, Walter A. Gilbert, John L. Stewart, John Fitzgerald, Fred H. Harris, Julius Knech, Godfrey Crosby, Hugo Johnson, Sanford Plumb.

The invited guests at the entertainment, including former teachers, former members of the school board, teachers remaining in town and a few others, are asked to be in front of the town hall not later than 8 o'clock. The doors will not be opened until the head of the procession has returned to the Auditorium. Seats will be reserved for the members of the class of 1916 and guests of honor. The seating committee is in charge of Lawrence K. Barber. The entertainment, which will be given by the Mozart ladies quartet of Boston, is for alumni and not the general public, and no tickets will be sold.

After the entertainment the parade will be formed to return to the high school building, where class reunions will be held and refreshments will be served.

NURSES READY FOR DUTY.

6,000 Members of Red Cross Prepared for Mobilization Orders.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Six thousand Red Cross nurses are in readiness for mobilization orders, according to Mrs. J. V. Zancron, executive secretary of the New York Red Cross office. "We could start a Red Cross unit for the front within 24 hours," she said.

COMPANY MAY GO THURSDAY

Orders Expected Tomorrow for Entraining for Fort Ethan Allen

PAVILION RECEPTION TOMORROW EVENING

Squads of Rookies Constantly Under Instruction — Movements of Troops After Reaching Fort Not Known — Band Decides Not to Go.

Capt. E. W. Gibson of Company I, V. N. G., received advisory despatches today that the company probably would be ordered to entrain Thursday morning at 8:35 for Fort Ethan Allen, arriving there in the afternoon at 4:30. Earlier despatches indicated that the departure would be made tomorrow, but information this afternoon was that the movement would be delayed until Thursday.

What the movements of the troops will be after reaching the fort are not known, but it is expected that the National Guard of the different states will take turns in guarding the Mexican border.

The Armory was a busy place last evening with young men seeking opportunities to enlist; the quartermaster, outfitting recruits, and here and there on the big floor a squad of rookies being put through the fundamentals in the school of the soldier by drill sergeants.

Last evening George M. Thompson, who was the engineer who surveyed the route for the Boston & Maine railroad from South Vermont to Brattleboro and who built the Mexican Central railroad from the Mexican border to Mexico City and about 300 miles of railroad along the Rio Grande, happened to be in town last evening and called at the Armory, where he gave a short talk to the members of the company on conditions in Mexico.

This morning the company was early at the work of drill, being in command of Lieut. Spaulding, and working on the streets and the common in company formation. Squads of rookies were constantly under instruction in the Armory all the morning and the same conditions will exist this afternoon until the company leaves.

Four more names were added to the roster of the company as the result of examinations of 17 recruits yesterday and today, making a total of seven who have passed the physical examinations out of 17 applicants, an unusual percentage. The latest additions to the company are Walter B. Needham, Grey F. Goddard, William Miller and Charles H. Stevens.

Major Linn D. Taylor left this morning for Springfield and other towns in the state where companies of the Vermont National Guard are stationed. He is under instructions from the inspector general's department to take complete lists of the state and federal property in possession of each company. He will not return to Brattleboro, but on the completion of the work assigned to him will report at Fort Ethan Allen.

Major W. O. Cooley, former captain of Company I, will accompany the company to Burlington.

When asked this noon at the Armory about the status of the First Regiment band, Capt. E. W. Gibson issued the following statement:

"I am informed that some of the members of the First Regiment band have asked for their discharges. If the discharges are granted it means the end of the band as a regimental organization.

"It is understood that some months ago the members of the band were promised that in case of an emergency they could apply for their discharges and receive them if they so desired. It is also understood that at a meeting of the band members held yesterday afternoon only six members signified their willingness to continue in the service. This means that the band will be recruited elsewhere in the state.

"In addition to calling for enlistments in the company I also wish to make an appeal for enlistments as musicians that a regimental band may be maintained here.

"Very soon we shall ask for an Armory. If we have more than one unit we can ask for, and expect to receive, a larger appropriation than if we have only one unit. So the maintenance of the band organization means a great deal to Brattleboro.

"I appreciate the reasons which actuate some of the members of the band in asking for their discharges, but it does seem to me that we have a sufficient number of young men with musical ability who ought to see their duty and do it."

"Acting under orders I have taken over the property of the band and am using the uniforms to equip the new recruits of Company I."

"ERNEST W. GIBSON, "Captain commanding Co. I."

While the band may not longer exist as a military organization, its decision not to continue as an enlisted band does not mean its dissolution as a musical organization.

Capt. Gibson said this afternoon that he had received requests from musicians in Springfield (Vt.) to be accepted as members of a regimental band. Capt. Gibson wishes the fact

(Continued on Page 6.)



MAJ. LINN D. TAYLOR

LANOUE'S MEDICINE PRODUCES RESULTS

Transforms Neighborhood Into State of Unrest, Causing Encounters and Lands Him in Lockup.

Alfred Lanoue reported at the Fort Dummer jail yesterday that he was too ill to labor and later boarded a train for Greenfield, with the intention of curing his ailment. He attended strictly to that business with the result that upon his return last evening he succeeded in transforming the immediate neighborhood of his home into a general state of unrest.

After engaging in numerous battles with men and women who objected to Lanoue forcing his way into their homes and conversing with them in a choice selection of Billingsgate which one resident of that neighborhood for 23 years said was the worst she had ever heard, he was arrested and landed in the village lockup. He was not entirely unscarred himself, but considering that he does not weigh enough to pass an inspection for the militia and is not tall enough by several inches, considerable credit for his strenuousness must be given to the medical officer who took him in Greenfield.

This morning in the municipal court he pleaded not guilty to the charge of disturbing the peace and the case was continued until such time as Judge Frank E. Barber can get back from Newfane, where he went this morning to hear the jury cases that had been appealed from the decisions of justice courts to the municipal court.

Lanoue, who was said to be in a condition that prevented him accurately locating his own home, unhesitatingly entered other houses. In some instances he talked viciously to the women, it is claimed, and in one house he did not like the appearance of the furniture and decided to remove it, when reinforcements from other houses enabled the householder to save his property from dissolution.

H. C. Titus, an elderly resident of that neighborhood, after having persuaded Lanoue to leave his own property, went to the Barbeti home, which Lanoue had entered, fearing that the children might be there alone. During an argument there Lanoue knocked the older man down. That merely aroused the fighting blood of a man who had been in the best of physical condition and a part of the marks and bruises on Lanoue are mute evidence of the ability of the older man to stage a "come back."

From what the authorities had learned this morning this was only a sample of many sanguinary battles that took place in the space of half an hour. Sullivan Barbeti, a special officer, was ordered by Police Chief George Wilson to arrest Lanoue after complaint of the fracas had been telephoned to the chief. Barbeti found Lanoue in the back of a wagon, the driver of which said he was about to take him to Lanoue's home. Barbeti allowed that he had been ordered to make the arrest and intended to do so.

Before Chief Wilson finally went to the scene Mrs. Lanoue had become involved in the general scheme of disturbance, taking the part of her husband and, it is claimed, delivering and receiving blows. The neighborhood

SILVERWARE IS RETURNED

Articles Were Stolen from Wm. Cushman's House Last February

CHILDREN FOUND THEM THIS MORNING

Tucked Under Piazza During Night—Parcel Post Package Containing Silverware and Jewelry Sent to Mrs. Cushman Barlier.

Mrs. William Cushman of Guilford street discovered on the evening of February 2 that a burglar had visited the house and had stolen practically all of the silverware and jewels that were not in use on the table or being worn by members of the family.

A week after the robbery she received a parcel post package containing several articles of silverware, a pin, a locket and other small articles that were among those that had been stolen and in the same mail a letter which bore the words in French, "Here are some spoons I do not need."

This morning when the fish dealer entered the house to deliver a parcel he remarked to Mrs. Cushman that he noticed the children had been playing with the silverware that had been stolen. Mrs. Cushman did not understand what he meant and said nothing in reply to that remark.

A few minutes later she discovered lying on the ground near the back piazza the remainder of the property that had been stolen last winter. The articles were not in any receptacle, but had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.

So far as Mr. and Mrs. Cushman are able to determine, everything that was had been placed on the ground as far as possible under the eaves of the office building used by Mr. Cushman. They were wet, indicating that they had been placed there in the evening before the rain ceased.